

Medical Studies/Resources

Coma

Neubauer, Richard S.; Gottlieb, Sheldon F. *Southern Medical Journal*, Sept 94, Vol. 87 Issue 9, p 993-996.

Abstract: Traumatic and vascular brain injuries result in the destruction of neurons and to a varying extent the formation of idling neurons. With the use of single photo emission computed tomography the presence of idling neurons and potentially recoverable brain tissue. The conclusion of all therapeutic departments was that HBO therapy and rehabilitative intervention resulted in significant improvements in all areas of previously identified deficits.

Study 1985

Abstract: Twenty coma patients were administered 80-120 HBOT treatments at 1.5 ATA. The length of coma ranged from 3-27 months. Fifty percent of the patients improved from treatment, 35% became self-sufficient, and all experienced less post-coma psychosis.